Y06 Curriculum Overview Semester 2 2025

	Term 3	Term 4
English	What makes an infographic effective? They will investigate what makes an infographic effective, isolating language features and text structures to enhance a chosen message. Students will continue to build on their comprehension strategies to interpret and analyse information and ideas. Assessment task – Infographic on a chosen Asian country: Student's will plan, draft & publish a detailed informative text. They will develop specific detail using objective and subjective language, develop a point of view, convey key information, make considered vocabulary choices and demonstrate an understanding of grammar. Assessment task – Reading comprehension: Students will read and comprehend an informative text.	Persuasive Essay Students will listen to, read and view a variety of persuasive text, specifically essays. They will explore how language choice, such as subjective and evaluative language, are used to express opinions and convey a point of view. Students will investigate how language is used to express shades of meaning, feeling and opinion. Assessment task - Persuasive Essay: Students will plan, draft and publish a detailed persuasive essay. They will express an opinion and convey a point of view using a variety of persuasive devices and subjective and evaluative language. Students will make editorial choices, based on agreed criteria and sharpen their ideas through discerning vocabulary selections.
En	 Suggested at home ideas to further support and develop the learning: Explore and identify real-world examples of informative texts, specifically infographics. Discuss with your child the purpose of informative texts, and the different text structure it will have (Headings, sub-headings, paragraphs, images, data, captions, tables and perhaps maps.) Model and discuss specific language choices for informative text (no 'it, stuff, this that') tell the reader what 'it' is. Model informative noun groups; the 'large rainforest' or the 'enormous debt.' Continue to read a variety of texts and to read for enjoyment. 	Suggested at home ideas to further support and develop the learning: Engage in persuasive discussions with your child at home, modelling use of high modality and persuasive phrases. Talk with your child about how similar words can have stronger or softer meanings (e.g. happy vs ecstatic, sad vs devastated). See if they can sort or rank these words from weakest to strongest to explore how writers use language to create effect. Your child will be reading and listening to different types of persuasive writing, such as short essays or opinion pieces. You can support this at home by reading editorials, letters to the editor, or age-appropriate persuasive texts with them and discussing what the writer is trying to convince the reader to believe or do.
	Students will apply a variety of mathematical concepts in real-life, lifelike and purely mathematical situations. They w	11:
Mathematics	 learn how to use place value to add and subtract decimal numbers. They also practise estimating and rounding answers to check if they make sense. practise multiplying and dividing decimal numbers by powers of 10 (like 10, 100, 1000), using what they know about place value and multiplication facts. convert between common metric units of length, mass and capacity (e.g., metres to centimetres, kilograms to grams). They choose decimal representations that make sense depending on the problem they are solving. build confidence converting between metric units of length, mass and capacity. They also choose the most suitable decimal format for measurements based on what the situation needs. use the formula for finding the area of a rectangle. They apply this knowledge to solve everyday measurement problems. explore how angles on a straight line, angles at a point, and vertically opposite angles are connected. They use these relationships to find unknown angles and explain their thinking clearly. look at different types of data – including categorical (e.g., favourite sport), discrete (e.g., number of pets), and continuous numerical variables (e.g., height). They use graphs and visual tools, including digital software, to compare data by looking at features such as mode (most common), range (difference between highest and lowest), and the shape of the data. plan and carry out statistical investigations. They learn how to ask meaningful questions, collect relevant data, and analyse and interpret the results. They share their findings by explaining what the data shows in the context of the investigation. Assessment task: Students will plan and conduct a statistical investigation and compare distributions of data. Assessment task: Students will use angle properties to solve problems. Assessment task: Students will convert between common unit of length, mass and capacity. They will us	 explore real-life situations that involve positive and negative numbers, such as temperatures, financial gain and loss, or levels below ground. They learn how to locate and show these integers on a number line and as coordinates on a Cartesian plane. locate points in all four quadrants of the Cartesian plane. They learn how coordinates change when a point is moved – for example, by shifting it up, down, left or right – and explain how its position has changed. solve practical, real-world problems using natural numbers (e.g., whole numbers), rational numbers (e.g., fractions and decimals) and percentages. They practise setting up problems, choosing suitable operations and calculation strategies, and using digital tools where needed. They also learn to explain and justify their solutions in the context of the situation – such as financial budgeting or shopping decisions. compare different parallel cross-sections of 3D objects and understand how these relate to right prisms (e.g., rectangular or triangular prisms). They explore how cutting across a 3D shape can reveal familiar 2D shapes. explore geometric transformations like reflection (flipping), rotation (turning), and translation (sliding). They combine these to create tessellating patterns and geometric designs, sometimes using digital software to explore and experiment. revisit how positive and negative numbers (integers) appear in real life – such as temperatures, elevations, and bank balances. learn to interpret and compare different types of data – including ordinal (e.g., rankings), nominal categorical (e.g., colours or names), and numerical data (discrete and continuous). plan and carry out their own data investigations by asking meaningful questions or identifying a problem. They collect, organise and analyse relevant data, then explain what the data shows in relation to their original question. Assessment task: Students will locate and
	Suggested at home ideas to further support and develop the learning:	of a statistical investigation. Suggested at home ideas to further support and develop the learning:
	 Ask your child to add up prices from a supermarket brochure or online shopping cart and round totals to estimate the cost. Discuss if the final total seems reasonable. Use real-life measurements (e.g. 3.6L of juice) and ask your child to multiply or divide them by 10, 100 or 1000. Bake/cook together, identifying how to convert the recipe from grams to kilograms or millilitres to litres. Explore real world examples of using measurement. Observe and identify real-world examples of angles (i.e. doorways, books, benches, support beams). 	 Identify and track real-world daily temperatures of a very cold country – marking these on a graph including negative numbers. Discuss appropriate financial situation with your children, explore the local catalogue together. Play a treasure map game using a Cartesian plane on paper. Discuss real-world mathematical problems, planning a lunch, working out a travel itinerary etc. Discuss and identify tessellations in the real-world, explore how shapes rotate, reflect and translate. Identify real-world examples of statistics, where we see regular data (sports ladders, games, scores etc) and analyse it with them.

Students will explore the following big inquiry question: How does matter change? Through the concept of 'changing states of matter,' they will explore the following: How do I lais a safe, and repeatable, investigation? What patterns can I identify within my investigation? What patterns can I identify within my investigation? What pattern can I identify within my investigation? What pattern can I identify my investigation? Assessment task – Fair Test: Students conduct a fair test? What variable needs to be changed, measured and controlled? Assessment task – Fair Test: Students conduct a fair test will explore the following: Through the concept of 'real world,' they will explore the following big inquiry question: How can I conduct a fair test. What are key intercultural considerations of data and information to highlight pat will explore the following big inquiry question: What are key intercultural considerations when engaging in scientific research? Assessment task – Fair Test: Students conduct a fair test exploring reversible and irreversible change and write a scientific report. Students will explore the following big inquiry question: How do I pans a safe, and repeatable, investigation? What are key intercultural considerations of datas and information to highlight pat will be collaboratively developed and communicated o students will explore the following big inquiry question: What provide the concept of 'real world,' they will explore the following: Through the concept of 'real world,' they will explore the following: What are the effects of Australia's interconnections with other countries? What are the effects of Australia's interconnections with other countries? What are the effects of Australia's interconnections with other countries? What are the following big inquiry question: What choices do consumers make? Through the concept of 'real world,' they will explore the following: How do advertising strategies inform consumers and financial choices? How do personal, economic a	ut at a later date. possible effects?	
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Students will explore the feelings, challenges, and issues associated with making the transition to secondary school. They devise strategies to assist them in making a smooth transition. Personal Development Students will engage in seminars exploring protective behaviours in a range of situations.		
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Students will explore documentary conventions to represent a chosen Asian country. They will use media languages, media technologies and a production process to construct a representation of their chosen country.		
Students will explore documentary conventions to represent a chosen Asian country. They will use media languages, media technologies and a production process to construct a representation of their chosen country. Assessment task - Students will use media art techniques to collaboratively create a plan and produce a short media film regarding their country of choice.		
EMD.		
Say it with art		
Students will explore re-contextualisation of objects and non-traditional art materials to com	nmunicate ideas.	
Assessment with Children will purpose actuagles that increise the making of a mixed modile	soulature that everesses a personal	
Assessment task - Students will explore artworks that inspire the making of a mixed media view about a social issue and communicates meaning through display.	sculpture that expresses a personal	
view about a social issue and communicates incuming through display.		
Volleyball Ultimate Frisbee		
Students will perform specialised frisbee skills. They combine movement concepts and strate		
Students will continue to refine and modify movement skills to participate in a chosen team game. They will explore how to work on the court to win points or gain control. They demonstrate fair play and skills to work colla	boratively during frisbee activities and	
collaboratively using inclusive strategies to enhance game play for all. Students will focus on developing their understanding of 'how games.		
a game works' rather than targeting winning or losing to inform inclusive play.		
Students will continue to refine and modify movement skills to participate in a chosen team game. They will explore how to work collaboratively using inclusive strategies to enhance game play for all. Students will focus on developing their understanding of 'how a game works' rather than targeting winning or losing to inform inclusive play. Assessment task - Students will demonstrate, refine and modify of movement skills as well as describe how to support fair play and will be transferring these movement skills and strategies into game play with the objective of		
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